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SUGHRUE MION, PLLC Ref: Q78495

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS** 

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the

application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

A method for determining the absolute position under water of a Claim 1 (original):

submersible vessel having a dead reckoning navigation system not receiving position

information from outside the vessel, where the vessel receives acoustic signals from a reference

station having a known absolute position and calculates its range from the reference station,

wherein said acoustic signals are received from the same reference station in several arbitrary

positions of the vessel, and that estimated absolute positions of the vessel are calculated using

sets of data, each set of data comprising said calculated range and navigation data from the dead

reckoning navigation system, said navigation data being valid concurrently with said calculated

range.

A method according to claim 1, wherein data from each received Claim 2 (original):

signal are processed immediately or shortly after reception, providing for a substantially

continuous estimation of absolute position.

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Claim 3 (original): A method according to claim 1, wherein the position of the reference station in a relative coordinate frame of said dead reckoning navigation system is estimated.

Claim 4 (original): A method according to claim 1, wherein the estimated absolute position data are used for updating the dead reckoning system's relative position data.

Claim 5 (currently amended): A method according to claim 1, wherein estimates are made of parameters intrinsic to the nature of the dead reckoning navigation system, such as sea currents, and relative position data from the dead reckoning navigation system are compensated by the estimate of said parameters.

Claim 6 (original): A method according to claim 5, wherein a least squares algorithm is used to estimate absolute position and parameters intrinsic to the nature of the dead reckoning navigation system.

Claim 7 (original): A method according to claim 5, wherein a Kalman filter is used to estimate absolute position and parameters intrinsic to the nature of the dead reckoning navigation system.

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Claim 8 (original): A method according to claim 1, wherein said estimates are made

further utilizing information on the depth of the reference station.

Claim 9 (original): A method according to claim 1, wherein the reference station is

placed at a fixed absolute position.

Claim 10 (original): A method according to claim 9, wherein the absolute position of

the reference station is determined by the submersible vessel at the surface of the water

collecting absolute position data in a number of positions from a positioning system usable at the

surface of the water, and while surfaced receiving acoustic signals from the reference station, and

calculating range data from said signals, position and range data preferably being processed on

board the vessel.

Claim 11 (original): A method according to claim 1, wherein the reference station is

launched from the submersible vessel.

Claim 12 (original): A method according to claim 1, wherein the reference station is

collected by the submersible vessel after estimating an absolute position.

Claim 13 (original): A method according to claim 1, wherein the reference station

comprises an acoustic transponder.

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Claim 14 (original): A method according to claim 1, wherein the reference station comprises an acoustic beacon.

Claim 15 (original): A method according to claim 1, wherein the reference station is placed on the surface of the water, preferably in a buoy or a vessel.

Claim 16 (original): A method according to claim 15, wherein the reference station receives absolute position data from a positioning system usable at the surface of the water, and relays such data to the submersible vessel.

Claim 17 (original): A method according to claim 15, wherein the reference station exchanges communication data with a communication system usable at the surface of the water, and preferably as well exchanges such data with the submersible vessel.

Claim 18 (original): A method according to claim 15, wherein the reference station is placed in a submersible vessel being surfaced during use of the reference station.

Claim 19 (original): A method for determining the absolute position under water of a submersible vessel having a dead reckoning navigation system not receiving position information from outside the vessel, where the vessel receives acoustic signals from a reference station having a known absolute position and calculates its range from the reference station,

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wherein said acoustic signals are received from one reference station in one or more positions of

the vessel; wherein data for rate of change of the vessel's range from the reference station ("range

rate data") are derived from said acoustic signals; and wherein estimated absolute positions of

the vessel are calculated using said calculated range, said range rate data, and navigation data

from the dead reckoning navigation system.

Claim 20 (original): A method according to claim 19, wherein said range rate data are

derived from recordings of Doppler shifts in frequencies of said acoustic signals.

Claim 21 (original): A method according to claim 19, wherein said range rate data are

derived from recordings of time discrepancies in the arrival times of spread spectrum pulses

embedded within said acoustic signals.

Claim 22 (original): A method according to claim 19, wherein data from each received

signal are processed immediately or shortly after reception, providing for a substantially

continuous estimation of absolute position.

Claim 23 (original): A method according to claim 19, wherein the position of the

reference station in a relative coordinate frame of said dead reckoning navigation system is

estimated.

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Claim 24 (original): A method according to claim 19, wherein the estimated absolute position data are used for updating the dead reckoning system's relative position data.

Claim 25 (currently amended): A method according to claim 19, wherein estimates are made of parameters intrinsic to the nature of the dead reckoning navigation system, such as sea currents, and relative position data from the dead reckoning navigation system are compensated by the estimate of said parameters.

Claim 26 (original): A method according to claim 25, wherein a least squares algorithm is used to estimate absolute position and parameters intrinsic to the nature of the dead reckoning navigation system.

Claim 28-27 (currently amended): A method according to claim 25, wherein a Kalman filter is used to estimate absolute position and parameters intrinsic to the nature of the dead reckoning navigation system.

Claim 29-28 (currently amended): A method according to claim 19, wherein said estimates are made further utilizing information on the depth of the reference station.

Claim 30-29 (currently amended): A method according to claim 19, wherein the reference station is placed at a fixed absolute position.

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Claim 31–30 (currently amended): A method according to claim 30, wherein the absolute position of the reference station is determined by the submersible vessel at the surface of the water collecting absolute position data in a number of positions from a positioning system usable at the surface of the water, and while surfaced receiving acoustic signals from the reference station, and calculating range data from said signals, position and range data preferably being processed on board the vessel.

Claim 32-31 (currently amended): A method according to claim 19, wherein the reference station is launched from the submersible vessel.

Claim 33-32 (currently amended): A method according to claim 19, wherein the reference station is collected by the submersible vessel after estimating an absolute position.

Claim 34-33 (currently amended): A method according to claim 19, wherein the reference station comprises an acoustic transponder.

Claim 35-34 (currently amended): A method according to claim 19, wherein the reference station comprises an acoustic beacon.

Claim 36-35 (currently amended): A method according to claim 19, wherein the reference station is placed on the surface of the water, preferably in a buoy or a vessel.

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Claim 37-36 (currently amended): A method according to claim 36, wherein the reference station receives absolute position data from a positioning system usable at the surface of the water, and relays such data to the submersible vessel.

Claim 38-37 (currently amended): A method according to claim 36, wherein the reference station exchanges communication data with a communication system usable at the surface of the water, and preferably as well exchanges such data with the submersible vessel.

Claim 39-38 (currently amended): A method according to any of claim 36, wherein the reference station is placed in a submersible vessel being surfaced during use of the reference station.

Claim 40-39 (currently amended): A method for scanning an underwater survey area by means of a submersible vessel traveling a desired path, the vessel having a dead reckoning navigation system not receiving position information from outside the vessel, where the vessel receives acoustic signals from a reference station having a known absolute position and calculates its range from the reference station, wherein the absolute position of the vessel is intermittently being determined.

Claim 41-40 (currently amended): A method according to claim 4039, wherein said area extends beyond the operational reach of said reference station, and the intended trajectory of

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the vessel is arranged to bring the vessel within said operational reach at regular intervals of time.

Claim 42-41 (currently amended): A method according to claim 4039, wherein the intended trajectory of the vessel is arranged to bring the vessel within a minimum distance of every point in said area.

Claim 43-42 (currently amended): A method according to claim 12, wherein said reference station is placed at a fixed absolute position.

Claim 44-43 (currently amended): A method according to claim 4039, wherein the absolute position of said reference station is determined by said submersible vessel at the surface of the water collecting absolute position data in a number of positions from a positioning system usable at the surface of the water, and while surfaced receiving acoustic signals from said reference station, and calculating range data from said signals, position and range data preferably being processed on board said vessel.

Claim-45\_44 (currently amended): A method according to claim 4039, wherein said reference station is launched from said submersible vessel.

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Claim 46-45 (currently amended): A method according to claim 4039, wherein said reference station is collected by said submersible vessel after estimating an absolute position.

Claim 47-46 (currently amended): A method according to claim 4039, wherein said reference station comprises an acoustic transponder.

Claim 48-47 (currently amended): A method according to claim 4039, wherein said reference station comprises an acoustic beacon.

Claim 49-48 (currently amended): A method according to claim 4039, wherein said reference station is placed on the surface of the water, preferably in a buoy or a vessel.

Claim 50 49 (currently amended): A method according to claim 4948, wherein said reference station receives absolute position data from a positioning system usable at the surface of the water, and relays such data to said submersible vessel.

Claim 51–50 (currently amended): A method according to claim 4948, wherein said reference station exchanges communication data with a communication system usable at the surface of the water, and preferably as well exchanges such data with said submersible vessel.

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Claim 52-51 (currently amended): A method according to claim 4948, wherein said reference station is placed in a submersible vessel being surfaced during use of the reference station.

Claim 53-52 (currently amended): A system for determining the absolute position under water of a submersible vessel by means of the method in claim 1, the system comprising:

a reference station having acoustic communication means;

acoustic communication means on board the vessel;

a dead reckoning navigation system on board the vessel;

wherein the system comprises computing means, preferably on board the vessel, adapted to estimating absolute position data from consecutive receptions of signals from one and the same reference station, together with relative position data from the dead reckoning navigation system.

Claim 54-53 (currently amended): A system according to claim 5352, wherein the dead reckoning system comprises an Inertial Navigation System.

Claim <u>55-54</u> (currently amended): A system according to claim <u>5352</u>, wherein the dead reckoning system comprises:

a number of gyros;

a number of accelerometers;

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a Doppler Ground Velocity Log;

a direct or indirect speed of sound measurement sensor; and

a pressure sensor.

Claim 56-55 (currently amended): A system according to claim 5352, wherein the

submersible vessel is adapted to carry a number of reference stations and to launch the stations

independently.

Claim 57-56 (currently amended): A system according to claim 5352, wherein the

submersible vessel is adapted to collect a number of reference stations.

Claim 58-57 (currently amended): A system according to claim 5352, wherein the

reference stations are acoustic transponders or beacons, resting on the sea floor or suspended

above an anchor resting at the sea floor.

Claim 59-58 (currently amended): A system according to claim 5352, wherein the

reference stations are located on buoys or vessels floating at the surface of the water.

Claim 60-59 (currently amended): A system for determining the absolute position under

water of a submersible vessel by means of the method in claim 19, the system comprising:

a reference station having acoustic communication means;

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acoustic communication means on board the vessel;

a dead reckoning navigation system on board the vessel;

wherein the system further comprises computing means, preferably on board the vessel, adapted to estimating absolute position data from one or more receptions of signals from one and the same reference station, together with relative position data from the dead reckoning navigation system.

Claim 61-60 (currently amended): A system according to claim 6059, wherein the dead reckoning system comprises an Inertial Navigation System.

Claim 62-61 (currently amended): A system according to the claim 6059, wherein the dead reckoning system comprises:

a number of gyros;

a number of accelerometers;

a Doppler Ground Velocity Log;

a direct or indirect speed of sound measurement sensor; and

a pressure sensor.

Claim 63-62 (currently amended): A system according to claim 6059, wherein the submersible vessel is adapted to carry a number of reference stations and to launch the stations independently.

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Claim 64-63 (currently amended): A system according to claim 6059, wherein the submersible vessel is adapted to collect a number of reference stations.

Claim 65-64 (currently amended): A system according to claim 6059, wherein the reference stations are acoustic transponders or beacons, resting on the sea floor or suspended above an anchor resting at the sea floor.

Claim 66-65 (currently amended): A system according to claim 6059, wherein the reference stations are located on buoys or vessels floating at the surface of the water.